# 令和2年度医学部入学試験 問題冊子

外国語(英語)

1月21日(火) 14:40~16:00

### 注 意 事 項

- 1. 開始の指示があるまでは、この冊子を開いてはいけない。
- 2. この冊子は、表紙1枚、問題用紙10枚の計11枚である。加えて、別紙マーク式解答用紙1枚がある。
- 3. 開始の指示とともに、別紙マーク式解答用紙に氏名と受験番号を記入し、受験番号をマークしなさい。
- 4. 落丁, 乱丁, 印刷不鮮明の箇所があれば, 直ちに申し出なさい。
- 5. 解答は別紙マーク式解答用紙の解答欄にマークしなさい。
- 6. この冊子の余白は草稿用に使用してもよい。
- 7. 室内で配付されたものは、一切持ち帰ってはいけない。
- 8. 終了時刻まで、退出してはいけない。

| - |   |            |  |            |       |             |      | The state of the s |     |   |       |    |           |    |     |      |
|---|---|------------|--|------------|-------|-------------|------|--|-----|---|-------|----|-----------|----|-----|------|
|   |   |            | を表わすように英文を<br>しぞれ選び、その番  |            |       |             |      | および(い  | ) K | 入 | る最    | も道 | 類切なもの     | の組 | みな  | 合わせを |
| 1 |   |            | 宇計,少し進んでる。<br>こ5分進めてあるん  | 1000       |       |             |      |  |     |   |       |    |           |    |     |      |
|   |   |            | atch is a little (あ).<br>い) by five minutes                                      | on p       | urpos | se.         |      |  |     |   |       |    |           |    |     |      |
| ① | あ | fast U     | above  | ② <i>t</i> | fast  | い ahe       | ead  |  | 3   | あ | fast  |    | ( beyond  |    |     |      |
| 4 | あ | quick l'   | above  | (5) d      | qui   | ck ( ah     | ead  |  | 6   | あ | quick | :  | l' beyond |    |     |      |
| 7 | あ | soon U     | above  | ® #        | soo   | n ( aho     | ead  |  | 9   | あ | soon  |    | い beyond  |    |     |      |
| 2 |   |            |  | ,助问        | けてこ   | t.          |      |  |     |   |       |    |           |    |     |      |
|   |   |            | olve this problem. Ple   |            | elp n | ne.         |      |  |     |   |       |    |           |    |     |      |
|   |   | A: Thanks! | t. It's a piece of (あ  | ).         |       |             |      |  |     |   |       |    |           |    |     |      |
|   |   |            | e me ( い ).  |            |       |             |      |  |     |   |       |    |           |    |     |      |
| 1 | あ | breakfast  | U hand   | 2          | あし    | oreakfast   | ()   | nothing  |     |   | 3     | あ  | breakfast | L  | ١ ( | one  |
| 4 | あ | cake       | l' hand  | (5)        | あく    | eake        | LI   | nothing  |     |   | 6     | あ  | cake      | L  | ١ ( | one  |
| 7 | あ | ease       | い hand   | 8          | あ。    | ease        | (1   | nothing  |     |   | 9     | あ  | ease      | L  | 1 ( | one  |
| 3 |   | B: おすす     | デバッグのクリスマ  | スセー        | ールち   | やってるよ       | a    |  |     |   |       |    |           |    |     |      |
|   |   | B: Where d | o bargain hunting.<br>do you ( あ )?<br>a great Christmas sale<br>e we ( い ) for? | e on l     | nandb | ags in Shib | uya. | ii   |     |   |       |    |           |    |     |      |
| 1 | あ | inform     | U asking   | (2         | ) あ   | inform      | U    | paying   |     |   | 3     | あ  | inform    | い  | wai | ting |
| 4 | あ | offer      | l\ asking  | (          | ) あ   | offer       | い    | paying   |     |   | 6     | あ  | offer     | 13 | wai | ting |
| 7 | あ | suggest    | th asking  | (8         | ) あ   | suggest     | 11   | paying   |     |   | 9     | あ  | suggest   | い  | wai | ting |

4 A: 君のアイディアを盗んだなんて、よくも僕を責められるね。

B: そんなことは言ってないわ。

A: あのね、僕にはそう聞こえたんだけど。

B: まったくの誤解よ。

A: (あ) dare you accuse me of stealing your ideas?

B: I didn't say that.

A: Well, it sure ( l' ) like that to me.

B: You're getting it all wrong.

(1) to How (1) heard

2 & How Wistened

3 5 How 1 sounded

4 5 What Wheard

5 5 What U listened

⑥ あ What い sounded

⑦ あ Who い heard

(8) & Who U listened

(9) & Who (1) sounded

5 A:家から出て生活することは、自立の決め手になると思うよ。

B:日本の多くの十代の若者はそんなゆとりなどないと思うけど。

A: そうだけど、アメリカの若者は17歳で高校を卒業したら家を出て、自立することを前向きなこととして重視してるよ。

A: I think moving away from home is the decisive step in establishing your independence.

B: I don't think many Japanese teenagers can (あ) to do that.

A: Yeah, but in the U.S. more kids leave home when they graduate from high school at the age of 17. They value ( い) their independence as a positive thing.

1 becoming

② あ afford い gaining

③ あ afford い standing

4 5 allow 1 becoming

5 5 allow 1 gaining

6 5 allow 1 standing

⑦ あ room い becoming

® あ room い gaining

(9) to room (1) standing

6 A:欧米の人は日本人の方が健康的な生活を送っていると思っているよ。

B:彼らがなんとなく従来の西洋医学に幻滅していると君は考えているの?

A: そうじゃなくて、多くの人がストレスや高血圧などに悩んでて、最善の対処法を知らないだけさ。

B: 多くの場合, 原因は座っていることが多い生活様式じゃないかな。

A: Western people imagine that the Japanese lead healthier lives than they do.

B: Do you think they're (あ) with traditional Western medicine for some reason, then?

A: Well no, I just think so many people suffer from things like stress and high blood pressure, and nobody really knows the best ways to deal with them.

B: It's their sedentary lifestyle that's ( U) in many cases, isn't it?

1 5 disillusioned 1 reasonable

② b disillusioned W reliable

3 5 disillusioned 1 responsible

4 & dreamed

() reasonable

(5) to dreamed

い reliable

6 b dreamed l' responsible

7 to fascinated

۱۱ reasonable

® tascinated

L\ reliable

⑨ あ fascinated

(\ responsible

| II | (1)<br>入る | 英語による記述が指す1語となるように,破線部(破線の数は文字数を表わす)を補充する際に に<br>5.2 文字を①~⓪よりそれぞれ選び,その番号をマークしなさい。 <b>各選択肢は2回以上使ってよい</b> 。 |
|----|-----------|---|
| 7  |           | A page or series of pages showing the days, weeks, and months of a particular year: c                     |
| 8  |           | A room or building used for scientific research, experiments, testing, etc.: 1y                           |
| 9  |           | Add a number to itself a particular number of times: mly  |
|    | ①         | al ② ar ③ el ④ er ⑤ le ⑥ ol ⑦ or ⑧ re ⑨ ul ⑩ ur   |
|    |           |   |
|    | (2)<br>入る | 英語による記述が指す1語となるように、破線部(破線の数は文字数を表わす)を補充する際に に 62文字を①~⑩よりそれぞれ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。 <b>各選択肢は2回以上使ってよい</b> 。      |
| 1  | 0         | A place where young children and babies are taken care of while their parents are at work: n              |
| 1  | 1         | Give one's good wishes to another when something special or pleasant has happened to them: cote           |
| 1  | 2         | The institution in some countries that makes laws and discusses important national affairs: P ent         |
|    | <b>①</b>  | la ② le ③ li ④ ll ⑤ lr ⑥ ly ⑦ ra ⑧ ri ⑨ rl ⑩ ry   |

III 英文が日本語の意味を表わすように 内の語(句)を並べ換える時,(あ)(い)(う)に入るものの組み合わせを①~②よりそれぞれ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。ただし には余分なものが1つ含まれている。(なお、文頭に来る語も小文字で示されている)

13 マイクは病気を克服するまで、復学できなかった。

( )was(あ)( )(い)( )(う)( )().

|     | dei | feated       | from   | ŀ  | ne his disease      |   | Mike        | not | p | rev | ented retu       | arning to | school unt          |      |          |
|-----|-----|--------------|--------|----|---------------------|---|-------------|-----|---|-----|------------------|-----------|---------------------|------|----------|
| 1   | あ   | defeated     |        | い  | he                  | う | his disease |     | 2 | あ   | defeated         | ()        | Mike                | う    | from     |
| 3   | あ   | defeated     |        | lı | until               | う | prevented   |     | 4 | あ   | not              | (1        | his disease         | う    | he       |
| (5) | あ   | not          |        | IJ | until               | う | prevented   |     | 6 | あ   | prevented        | LI        | from                | う    | until    |
| 7   | あ   | prevented    |        | ۱J | returning to school | う | he          |     | 8 | あ   | prevented        | L         | returning to school | ol 5 | until    |
| 9   | あ   | returning to | school | l, | he                  | う | his disease |     | 0 | あ   | returning to sch | hool ()   | until               | う    | defeated |

14 | 言葉ではなく写真が内容説明となるのは良い広告だ。

( )( )( あ)( ),( )(い),( )( )(う).

| advertise | ements but       | good    | let        | not | pio | ctures | story       | tell   |   | the       | words  |
|-----------|------------------|---------|------------|-----|-----|--------|-------------|--------|---|-----------|--------|
| ) あ but   | l advertisements | う story |            |     | 2   | あ but  | ۱۱ advertis | ements | う | tell      |        |
| ) あ but   | l' story         | 5 adve  | rtisements | S   | 4   | あ but  | い words     |        | う | advertise | ments  |
| あ let     | ( pictures       | 5 word  | ls         |     | 6   | あ let  | (\story     |        | う | words     |        |
| か あ let   | U words          | う story | ,          |     | 8   | あ tell | () pictures |        | õ | advertise | ements |
| ) あ tell  | い pictures       | 5 story |            |     | 0   | あ tell | L\ story    |        | う | words     |        |

15 当時のヨーロッパでは名声や地位はある程度家柄に左右されていた — アメリカでは家柄はそれほど 重要視されなかったのだが。

|     | America   | as count   |   | did | for | in | not     | so much   | which     |
|-----|-----------|------------|---|-----|-----|----|---------|-----------|-----------|
| ①   | あ America | (\ not     | う | as  | 2   | あ  | America | L\ not    | 5 so much |
| 3   | あ did     | () count   | う | as  | 4   | あ  | did     | () count  | 5 so much |
| (5) | あ did     | l' so much | う | in  | 6   | あ  | for     | () not    | 5 America |
| 7   | あ for     | い so much  | う | in  | 8   | あ  | not     | U for     | 5 as      |
| 9   | あ not     | u for      | う | in  | 0   | あ  | not     | U so much | 5 America |



IV 次の各文章において下線部分が入るべき最も適切な位置を①~⑥または①~⑧よりそれぞれ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

#### 16 varying

The moon doesn't shine by its own ① light in the night sky. It reflects the ② sun's light toward Earth. Depending on where the moon is in its ③ orbit, we see ④ portions of the illuminated half of the moon. The different shapes of the ⑤ moon are ⑥ called lunar phases.

#### 17 of which

A roughly triangular mountainous area ① known as the Central Highlands ② occupies the south-central region of Sri Lanka and ③ is the heart of the country. This highland mass ④ is surrounded by a diverse plain, the general elevation ⑤ ranges from sea level to about 1,000 feet (300 meters). This plain ⑥ covers about five-sixths of the country's total area.

#### 18 room

Rain forests cover only two percent ① of the earth's surface, but more ② than half of all plants and animals live there. The largest ③ tropical rain forest surrounds the Amazon River in South America. The human population of the region is growing ④ fast. To make ⑤ for farming, ranching, and other activities, people cut ⑥ or burn down the forest. Some experts estimate ⑦ that 149 acres of rain forest are ⑧ destroyed each minute.

#### 19 fell

20

As the amount of agricultural labor required ①, the Industrial Revolution absorbed ② unskilled workers. Industrialization fed back ③ into farming with new machinery and steel ploughs. By 1850, Britain's population was ④ 16.6 million, with an unprecedentedly low 22 percent ⑤ working on farms. As Britain became a dominant economic and military force ⑥, other nations applied ⑦ these techniques, with generally beneficial short-term results ⑧.

#### : that of William Shakespeare

For any Englishman①, there can never be any discussion as to who is the world's greatest poet and greatest dramatist ②. Only one name can possibly suggest itself to him③. Every Englishman has some knowledge④ of the work of our greatest writer. All of us use words⑤, phrases and quotations from Shakespeare's writings that have become part of the common property of English-speaking people⑥. Most of the time we are probably unaware of the source of the words we use⑦, rather like the old lady who was taken to see a performance of Hamlet⑧ and complained that "it was full of well-known proverbs and quotations!"

## V 次の英文を読んで、以下の設問に答えなさい。

|  | questions to learn<br>to 80 percent of the |  | e n <del>od</del> ičili iz mere ne mendika ne met kare    | and a said for the factor of t |              | 4일 60 100 글(C) - 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 글(C)   |             |  |       |
|--|--|--|---|--|--------------|--|-------------|--|-------|
|  | ream of Why? Why                           |  |   | o mas on   | ioi naa a t  | dates of specif  | anno aroa   |  |       |
| -  | ientific method—a                          |  | _   | n all contexts   | _hegine w    | ith a question   | It helps    | s identify wha   | tour  |
| exploration  |  | ), to the contract of the cont | 770   |  |              |  |             | bacterial infect   |       |
|  |  |  |   |  |              |  |             |  |       |
|  | oticed something o                         |  |   |  |              |  |             |  |       |
| 70   | n one dish and that                        |  |   |  | 7            |  |             | ose questions w  | outa  |
|  | discovery of penic                         |  | A STATE OF THE PROPERTY.                                  |  |              | -  |             |  |       |
|  | l years ago, I hear                        |  |   |  |              |  |             | -  | with  |
| and the second s | f Thomas Edison a                          |  | and the state of the second and the second and the second |  |              | The state of the s |             | and the second s |       |
|  | -largely because                           |  |   |  | 7            |  |             |  |       |
| _  | cture had 26                               |  |   |  |              |  |             |  |       |
|  | d to a business. In                        |  |   |  |              | n a show in fl   | ickering b  | lack and white   | and   |
| without so   | und when one coul                          | d have a more  | vivid experie   | nce in a 27  | theater      | ?  |             |  |       |
| Thoma  | s Edison recognize                         | ed that if film  | technology wa   | s to lead to a   | 28 b         | ousiness, the q  | uestion of  | what film coul   | ld do |
| differently  | needed to be asked                         | d. In answer, t  | he director Ed  | win S. Porter  | and his tea  | ım helped crea   | ate what w  | e now think of   | as a  |
| motion pic   | ture. They filmed a                        | t actual location  | ons and switch  | ed between ca  | meras for t  | he same scene  | s—close-u   | ips and long sho   | ots   |
| and across   | scenes 29 at                               | the same time  | , known as cro  | sscutting. A sin   | nple questi  | on sparked the   | creation of | of the first Ame   | rican |
| action film  | and, through the ir                        | novation of o  | thers, an entire  | ly new 30  | ].           |  |             |  |       |
|  |  |  |   |  |              |  |             |  |       |
| (注) petr   | i dish: シャーレ(微                             | 生物培養などに  | 用いる) St   | aphylococcus: 7  | ゲドウ球菌        |  |             |  |       |
| (出典 下  | Bradley R. Staats, Neve                    | er Ston Learning   | Stav Relevant R   | einvent Yourself   | and Thrive   | Boston: Harvard  | Business Re | view Press: 2018   |       |
| 一部   |  |  | ,,  | ,,   |              |  |             |  |       |
|  |  |  |   |  |              |  |             |  |       |
| 21   | 22 23 3                                    | 24 25  | 26 27   | 28   | 29           | 30 に入る   | 最も適切7       | なものを①~(C   | )     |
| よりそれる  | ぞれ選び、その番                                   | 号をマークし   | なさい。たか  | きし, 各選択  |              |  |             |  |       |
| 1  | approach                                   | ② astound  | ed ③  | beautifully  | 4            | constant   | (5)         | industry   |       |
| 6  | knowledge                                  | ⑦ live   | 8   | meant  | (9)          | occurring  | (1)         | sustainable  |       |
| •  | Mowleage                                   | O IIVC   | 0   | Hount  | •            | occurring  |             | Sustamaore   |       |
|  |  |  |   |  |              |  |             |  |       |
| _ ===  | NR III                                     |  | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                     |  | - 1 50 1     | 1  | 1 6         | A 1 A 6  |       |
|  | 述について、本文                                   |  |   | E, しないも  | のを誤と         | する時に得ら   | れる組み        | 合わせを①~   | 8)    |
| より選び,  | その番号を 3                                    | 1 にマーク   | りしなさい。  |  |              |  |             |  |       |
| a.   | Questions young                            | children ask do  | not need to be  | e answered, at   | least not at | first.   |             |  |       |
| b.   | The accidental fin                         | dings during t   | he experiment   | triggered ques   | tions from   | Alexander Fle  | eming.      |  |       |
| c.   | Thomas Edison's                            | company was  | not very succe  | ssful mainly b   | ecause it c  | eated few mor  | tion pictur | es.  |       |
|  | ① a — IE                                   | L T  |   | <b>(A)</b>   | . 75         | L TE   | - 50        | 1  |       |
|  |  |  |   |  |              | b — IE   |             |  |       |
|  | 3 a — IE                                   |  |   | 4)   | a — 1E       | b — 誤<br>b — 正   | c 彭         | ŧ  |       |
|  | ⑤ a — 誤                                    |  |   | (6)  | a — 誤        | b — <b>ІЕ</b>  | c — ===     | ŧ  |       |
|  | ⑦ a — 誤                                    | b — 誤  | c — IE  | (8)  | a — 誤        | b — 誤  | c — 詩       | ŧ  |       |
|  |  |  |   |  |              |  |             |  |       |



## VI 次の英文を読んで、以下の設問に答えなさい。

| 67 Part de 20 Part de 19   |
|--|
| "I am an excellent sleeper," says Freud in <i>The Interpretation of Dreams</i> . Not everyone is so lucky. At least one in three adults  |
| complains of lack of sleep, and the prescription of sleeping pills has been increasing dramatically over the past few decades.   |
| Sleep clinics, which were once 32, are now a feature of most major hospitals, and in the United States can even be found   |
| in shopping malls and spas. People take pills not only to sleep but then to stay awake the next day, just as so many of us rely on   |
| coffee and energy drinks to maintain an artificial state of 33 during our waking hours. Once considered a natural state,   |
| sleep has now become a commodity, something that we must fight to acquire and \( \frac{1}{2} \) we are never quite sure of possessing.   |
| Almost every day, newspapers, internet sites and TV shows spotlight some new story about sleep: how much of it we need,  |
| what will happen if we don't get it, how much 34 loses through tired workers. Sleep experts broadcast their advice and   |
| opinions, as if some new philosopher's stone has been found. Basic aspects of the human condition such as anxiety, sadness and   |
| failure are now presented as the consequences of a lack of nourishing sleep. Rather than seeing sleeplessness, for example, as the   |
| result of a depressive state, causality is inverted:   |
| Facts about sleep that have been known for more than a hundred years are now being marketed as cutting-edge research. The  |
| link between sleep and memory was studied carefully in the nineteenth century, yet the old theories are back as if they have only  |
| just been discovered. This new excitement around sleep science will no doubt fade with time, yet we need to ask why it is  |
|  |
| happening now. Are we just \( \triangle \) desperate to find some kind of universal explanation for our problems that we turn to the   |
| one part of human life that can't answer back? Or is there a new epidemic of sleep problems caused by the digital age we inhabit?  |
| As we lie in bed, emails, texts and social media posts stack up, and it seems as if the demands of the outside world are limitless.  |
| Many people check their phones before going to sleep—and even during their sleep—and then reach for them again at the moment   |
| of waking. Sleep science tells us that the blue light from our screens will interfere with the process of falling asleep, but it is  |
| surely the demands themselves that have a greater effect. There is no $=$ <u>let-up</u> . We are continually being told things, shown things,  |
| asked things, obliged to do things—and reminded when we have failed to. Like the "sleep mode" on our phones—which is a   |
| form of being " ホ "—we are now never really able to be " ヘ ".  |
|  |
| (出典 Darian Leader, Why Can't We Sleep? London: Hamish Hamilton; 2019 一部改変)   |
| Section of the Control of the Contro |
|  |
| 32 , 33 , 34 に入る最も適切なものを①~④よりそれぞれ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。ただし、  |
| 各選択肢は1回しか使えない。   |
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| ① arousal ② the economy ③ a rarity ④ values  |
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|  |
| イ に入る最も適切なものを①~⑤より選び、その番号を 35 にマークしなさい。  |
| イ に入る最も適切なものを①~⑤より選び、その番号を 35 にマークしなさい。  |
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| ロ に入る最も適切なものを①~⑥より選び、その番号を 36 にマークしなさい。  |
| TO TO THE TOTAL THE  |
| ① we are depressed because we haven't slept  |
| ② we are depressed though we haven't slept   |
| ③ we are depressed unless we haven't slept   |
|  |
| we haven't slept because we are depressed  |
| (5) we haven't slept though we are depressed   |
| we haven't slept unless we are depressed   |

| /\ K              | 入る最          | も適切な           | なものをŒ        | )~⑤より       | 選び,        | その     | 番号を[       | 37           | にマー       | クし     | なさい     | o     |        |              |
|-------------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|-------------|------------|--------|------------|--------------|-----------|--------|---------|-------|--------|--------------|
| 1                 | as           | 2              | like         | ③ not       |            | 4      | so         | (5)          | too       |        |         |       |        |              |
|                   |              |                |              |             |            |        |            |              |           |        |         |       |        |              |
| = <u>let-up</u> 0 | 意味に          | こ最も近い          | いものを①        | )~⑤より       | 選び,        | その     | 番号を「       | 38           | にマー       | ・クし    | なさい     | ١,    |        |              |
| ①                 | dream        |                |              | cusing      | 3          |        | -          |              | pausii    |        | (5      |       | soning |              |
|                   |              |                |              |             |            |        |            |              |           |        |         |       |        |              |
| -                 |              | も適切な           |              | よび          | <u> </u>   | 入る     | 最も適切       | なもの          | の組み       | 合わ     | せを①     | ~4.   | より選び   | ,その番号        |
|                   |              |                |              |             |            |        |            |              |           |        |         |       |        |              |
|                   | 木 on         |                |              |             |            |        |            |              |           |        |         |       |        |              |
|                   | ホ on<br>ホ of |                |              |             |            |        |            |              |           |        |         |       |        |              |
| <b>(4)</b>        |              |                |              |             |            |        |            |              |           |        |         |       |        |              |
|                   | , ,          |                |              |             |            |        |            |              |           |        |         |       |        |              |
| a~c の記            | 述につい         | いて、本           | 文の内容に        | こ合致する       | 5 5 0 7    | ۶Œ.    | しない        | らのを          | 県とする      | 5時に    | 得られ     | いる組   | み合わせ   | <b>せを①~⑧</b> |
|                   |              |                | 40 に         |             |            |        |            |              |           |        |         |       |        |              |
| a.                | More t       | han two t      | hirds of ad  | ults are no | satisfi    | ed wit | h their sl | eep.         |           |        |         |       |        |              |
| b.                | New at       | ttention is    | s being paid | d to what h | as been    | knov   | vn about   | the relat    | tion of s | leep v | with me | mory. |        |              |
| c.                | The blu      | ae light fi    | rom the scr  | eens of our | phone      | s mos  | t greatly  | affects l    | now we    | go to  | sleep.  |       |        |              |
|                   |              | 7              |              | 77          | -          |        | 6          | ,            | _         |        | -       |       | 40     |              |
|                   |              | a — IE         |              |             | - 正<br>-   |        |            | ) a —        |           |        |         | c —   |        |              |
|                   |              | a — 正<br>a — 誤 |              |             | - IE       |        |            | ) a —        |           |        |         | c —   |        |              |
|                   |              | a — 誤          |              |             | - 正<br>- 正 |        |            | ) a—<br>) a— |           |        |         | c —   |        |              |
|                   | 0            | a — iii        | 0 —          | <b>読</b> C− | - 1E       |        | (6         | ) a —        | 570       | 0      | 妧       | c —   | 玩      |              |
|                   |              |                |              |             |            |        |            |              |           |        |         |       |        |              |



#### VII 次の英文を読んで、以下の設問に答えなさい。

Silence has been seen as evidence of powerlessness, and doing most of the talking can seem synonymous with dominating. Researchers have counted numbers of words spoken, or timed how long people have talked, to demonstrate that men talk more than women and thereby dominate interactions. Undoubtedly, there is truth to this observation in some settings. But the association of talkativeness with dominance does not 41 all people, all settings, and all cultures. Silence can also be the privilege of a higher-ranking person, and even an instrument of power. Imagine, for example, an interrogation in which the interrogator does little of the talking but holds much of the power.

For people in a work setting, it is often the case that the higher-ranking people talk more, but not always. At a meeting, the high-ranking person may dominate discussion, or may sit silently, taking it all in and keeping the others guessing about the impression they are making. In one company, I observed a man who influenced the direction a meeting took even though he spoke little. The fact that he was British may well have played a role in how little he spoke. It was sometimes hard for him to find a way into American conversations, which were faster-paced than those he was used to. Indeed, one day when I was shadowing him, he conducted a telephone conversation with another Englishman on the speaker phone, so I could 42. The slow pace and long pauses that characterized their conversation surprised me. I frequently thought that pauses I heard were pre-closings, indicating that the conversation was 4. but it kept on going. When the call ended, I asked his impression of the interchange, and he said it had been very comfortable, just the right pace for a pleasant conversation. Hearing those nice long pauses, I could easily see why he would have a hard time 12 getting the floor in American conversations that leave no gap for him to step into.

This example shows that the amount people talk can result from style differences rather than their individual intentions. Pacing and pausing is an element of conversation that differs greatly depending on regional, cultural, and subcultural background. When you talk to others who leave longer pauses than you expect, you become uncomfortable and start speaking to fill in the pauses, with the result that you do all the talking—and blame them for not doing their part. When you talk to others who leave shorter pauses than you expect, then they start speaking to fill what they perceive as comfortable silence, and you 43 not speaking at all—and blame them for monopolizing the floor.

(注) interrogation: 取り調べ

(出典 Deborah Tannen. Talking from 9 to 5. New York, NY: HarperCollins; 1994 一部改变)

41 , 42 , 43 に入る最も適切なものを①~④よりそれぞれ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。 ただし、各選択肢は1回しか使えない。

- (1) end up
- 2 get on
- 3 hold for
- 4 listen in

イ に入る最も適切なものを①~⑤より選び、その番号を 44 にマークしなさい。

- 1 beyond control
- 2 set up
- 3 stepping aside
- 4 under way
- (5) winding down

ロ getting the floor の意味に最も近いものを①~⑤より選び、その番号を 45 にマークしなさい。

- ① having long pauses enough times
- 2 keeping the interchange going
- 3 listening to people from England
- 4 speaking up on the phone
- 5 taking the opportunity to speak

ハ( )( **あ** )( )( **い** )( **)**( **)**( **)** ( **)** に, 文脈に合うように 内の語(句)を並べ換える時, ( **あ** ) (い)(う)に入るものの組み合わせを①~⑥より選び、その番号を 46 にマークしなさい。

|     | set            | since        | speaks first   | tends | the topic      | to           | whoever     |
|-----|----------------|--------------|----------------|-------|----------------|--------------|-------------|
| 1   | あ speaks first | L' the topic | う set          | 2     | あ speaks first | L' to        | 5 the topic |
| 3   | あ tends        | the topic    | 3 speaks first | 4     | あ tends        | l\ set       | 5 the topic |
| (5) | あ the topic    | L1 tends     | 5 speaks first | 6     | あ the topic    | U to         | 5 whoever   |
| 7   | あ to           | L'set        | 5 speaks first | 8     | あ to           | () the topic | 5 whoever   |
| 9   | あ whoever      | L1 tends     | 5 set          | 0     | あ whoever      | L) the topic | 5 to        |

に入る最も適切なものを①~⑤より選び、その番号を 47 にマークしなさい。

- (I) comparison
- function
- ③ impression
- 4 intention
- (5) reaction

a~cの記述について、本文の内容に合致するものを正、しないものを誤とする時に得られる組み合わせを①~® より選び、その番号を 48 にマークしなさい。

- a. The author points out that people of a higher rank may use silence to show their power.
- b. The man the author observed directed the meeting in a low voice, unlike other high-ranking people.
- c. The British man's episode shows that how much people talk in conversation has to do with style differences.

① a - IE b - IE c -- IE ② a - IE b — IE

③ a — **I**E c — IE b -- 誤

④ a — IE b - 誤

⑤ a - 誤 b - IE c — IE b - IE c一誤

⑦ a — 誤 b- 誤 c - IE

b -- 誤